Module Description/Course Syllabi

Study Programme: Bachelor of Mathematics

	Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Universitas Andalas
1. Course n	umber and name
MAT61253 Statistical Quality Control	
2. Credits and contact hours/Number of ECTS credits allocated	
3 SKS / 4,53 ECTS	
3. Instructo	rs and course coordinator
 Dr. Maiyastri Yudiantri Asdi, M.Sc. 	
4. Text book	k, title, author, and year
_	mery, D. C. 2009. <i>Introduction to Statistical Quality Control</i> , 6th John Wiley & Sons, N. Y.
5. Recomm	ended reading and other learning resources/tools
1. Zack an N. Y.	d Zelemayu, 2000, Modern Industrial Statistics, Mc. Graw Hill.
6. Specific o	course information
A. Brief des	cription of the content of the course (catalog description)
Statistical Qu	e, material is provided on: Basic concepts and terminology of nality Control, Seven Tools in Quality Improvement, Variable Control ute Control Chart, Capability index, TQM and Six-Sigma.

B. Prerequisites or co-requisites
MAT 61151 Data Analysis
C. Indicate whether a required or elective course in the program
Elective
D. Level of course unit (according to EQF: first cycle Bachelor, second cycle Master)
First Cycle Bachelor
E. Year of study when the course unit is delivered (if applicable)
4 th year
F. Semester when the course unit is delivered
Odd Semester
G. Mode of delivery (face-to-face, distance learning)
Face to face
7. Intended Learning Outcomes
ILO-1: Possesses a good ethics and integrity PI-1: Able to explain academic ethics and integrity PI-2: Able to act in accordance with academic ethics PI-3: Able to act in accordance with academic integrity ILO-2: Possesses profound knowledge of the basic concept mathematics PI-1: An ability to explain the basic concept mathematics PI-2: An ability to give examples related to the basic concept mathematics PI-3: An ability to determine solution of the simple problems using the basic concept mathematics ILO-3: An ability to identify, explain and generalise simple mathematical PI-1: An ability to identify simple mathematical problems
PI-2: An ability to explain simple mathematical problems

- PI-3: An ability to generalise simple mathematical problems
- ILO-4: An ability to use concept and fundamental technique of mathematics in solving simple mathematical problems
 - PI-1: An ability to illustrate simple mathematical problems based on appropriate basic mathematical concepts and techniques
 - PI-2: An ability to illustrate simple mathematical problems based on appropriate basic mathematical concepts and techniques
 - PI-3: An ability to solve simple mathematical problems using the proper concept and mathematical fundamental techniques
- ILO-5: An ability formally and correctly proves a simple mathematical statements using facts and methods that have been studied
 - PI-1: An ability to identify the formal structures and analogy forms in mathematics
 - PI-2: An ability to use fact and apply methods in proving simple mathematical statement
 - PI-3: An ability to present simple mathematical statement proof rigorously (sequentially and conscientious)
 - PI-4: An ability to conclude or interpret result of the proving simple mathematical statement
- ILO-6: Have ability data literacy and technology and can apply them in solving simple mathematical problems or other relevant fields
 - PI-1: Able to identify the right data and technology to solve simple mathematical problems or other fields
 - PI-2: Able to use data and technology and apply them to solve simple mathematical statements or other areas
 - PI-3: Able to process data using available technology in simple mathematical problems or other fields
 - PI-4: Able to conclude and interpret data processing results for simple mathematical problems or other fields
 - PI-5: Able to design an algorithm to solve simple mathematical problems or other fields
- ILO-7: An ability to communicate effectively especially in the area of mathematics in with diverse communities
 - PI-1: Able to convey ideas or study results orally, especially in the field of mathematics
 - PI-2: Able to present ideas or study results in writing, especially in the field of mathematics
 - PI-3: Able to respond to feedback given

8. Course Learning Outcomes

- 1. Students are able to explain theoretical concepts about continuous quality improvement.
- 2. Students are able to explain of the basic concepts, terminology and definitions of Statistical Quality Control.
- 3. Students are able to use seven tools in quality improvement.
- 4. Students are able to use variable control charts.

- 5. Students are able to attribute control charts.
- 6. Students are able to explain TQM and Six-Sigma.

9. Brief list of topics to be covered

- 1. Basic concepts and terminology of Statistical Quality Control
- 2. Seven tools for quality improvement
- 3. Variable control Chart
- 4. Attribute control Chart
- 5. Capability index
- 6. TQM and Six-Sigma

10. Learning and teaching methods

Directed Learning, Teacher Center Learning, Discussion.

11. Language of instruction

Indonesian

12. Assessment methods and criteria

Summative Assessment:

1. Mid-term exam: 35%

2. Final exam: 35%

3. Assignment (homework): 10%

4. Quizzes: 10%5. Attendance: 5%6. Attitude: 5%