



Module Description/Course Syllabi

Study Programme: Bachelor of Mathematics
Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences
Universitas Andalas

1. Course number and name

MAT61232 Applications of Graph Theory

2. Credits and contact hours/Number of ECTS credits allocated

3 SKS / 4.52 ECTS

3. Instructors and course coordinator

Narwen, M.Si

4. Text book, title, author, and year

1. J.A Bondy and U.S. R. Murty, *Graph Theory with Applications*, U.S.A, 1976

5. Recommended reading and other learning resources/tools

N. Harsfield and G. Ringer, *Pearls in Graph Theory*, 2nd edition, Academic Press, New York, 2001

6. Specific course information

A. Brief description of the content of the course (catalogue description)

This course discusses about some applications of graph theory: The shortest path problem and minimum spanning tree, Sperner Lemma and Connector Problems, The reliable network communication problem, The Chinese Postman Problem, The Traveling Salesman Problem, The Personnel Assignment Problem, The Optimal Assignment Problem, The Timetabling Problem, Schur Theorem, and Ramsey Theorem.

B. Prerequisites or co-requisites

MAT61231 Introduction to Graph Theory
<i>C. Indicate whether a required or elective course in the program</i>
Elective
<i>D. Level of course unit (according to EQF: first cycle Bachelor, second cycle Master)</i>
First Cycle Bachelor
<i>E. Year of study when the course unit is delivered (if applicable)</i>
3 rd Year
<i>F. Semester when the course unit is delivered</i>
Odd Semester
<i>G. Mode of delivery (face-to-face, distance learning)</i>
Face to face

<i>7. Intended Learning Outcomes</i>
<p>ILO-2: Possesses profound knowledge of the basic concept mathematics PI-1: An ability to explain basic mathematical concepts PI-2: An ability to provide examples that are relevant to basic mathematical concepts PI-3: An ability to determine solutions to simple problems using basic mathematical concepts</p>
<p>ILO-3: An ability to identify, explain and generalize simple mathematical PI-1: An ability to identify simple mathematical problems PI-2: An ability to explain simple mathematical problems PI-3: An ability to generalize simple mathematical problems</p>

<p>ILO-4: An ability to use concept and fundamental technique of mathematics in solving simple mathematical problems</p> <p>PI-1: An ability to illustrate simple mathematical problems based on appropriate basic mathematical concepts and techniques</p> <p>PI-2: An ability to illustrate simple mathematical problems based on appropriate basic mathematical concepts and techniques</p> <p>PI-3: An ability to solve simple mathematical problems using the proper concept and mathematical fundamental techniques</p>
<p>ILO-5: An ability formally and correctly proves a simple mathematical statement using facts and methods that have been studied.</p> <p>PI-1: An ability to identify formal structures and analogous forms in mathematics</p> <p>PI-2: An ability to use facts and apply methods to prove simple mathematical statements</p> <p>PI-3: An ability to present simple mathematical statement proof rigorously (sequentially and conscientious)</p> <p>PI-4: An ability to conclude or interpret result of the proving simple mathematical statement</p>
<p>ILO-6: Have ability data literacy and technology and can apply them in solving simple mathematical problems or other relevant fields</p> <p>PI-1: Able to identify the right data and technology to solve simple mathematical problems or other fields</p> <p>PI-2: Able to use data and technology and apply them to solve simple mathematical statements or other areas</p> <p>PI-3: Able to process data using available technology in simple mathematical problems or other fields</p> <p>PI-4: Able to conclude and interpret data processing results for simple mathematical problems or other fields</p> <p>PI-5: Able to design an algorithm to solve simple mathematical problems or other fields</p>
<p>8. Course Learning Outcomes</p>
<p>Understand the shortest path problem and minimum spanning tree, and be able to determine the shortest path and minimum spanning tree in each given graph.</p>
<p>Understand the Sperner Lemma and its proof</p>
<p>Understand the Connector Problems and the optimal trees in graphs</p>
<p>Understand the reliable network communication problem in graphs.</p>
<p>Understand the Chinese Postman Problem and minimum weighted graphs</p>
<p>Understand the Traveling Salesman Problem and Hamiltonicity in graphs</p>
<p>Understand the Personnel Assignment Problem and the Optimal Assignment Problem, and be able to determine the perfect matching in a graph</p>

Understand the Timetabling Problem, and be able to determine some efficient time-schedule with edge coloring
Understand the Schur Theorem and Ramsey Theorem for some simple graphs.
9. Brief list of topics to be covered
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The shortest path problem and minimum spanning tree 2. Sperner Lemma 3. Connector Problems 4. The reliable network communication problem 5. The Chinese Postman Problem 6. The Traveling Salesman Problem 7. The Personnel Assignment Problem and the Optimal Assignment Problem 8. The Timetabling Problem 9. Schur Theorem and Ramsey Theorem
10. Learning and teaching methods
Project-Based Learning, Student Centre Learning
11. Language of instruction
Bahasa

12. Assessment methods and criteria
Summative Assessment: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mid-term exam: 30% 2. Final exam: 30% 3. Quiz: 20% 4. Task: 20%